	i	Version 1 Revision 17
\sim	Storage TS114 Type 3592, M	0 Tape Drive – Iodel E07
	Security Polic	y
Docum	ent Version 1 Rev	vision 17

Table of Contents

1	Docum	ent History	1
2		ction	
_	2.1	References	
	2.2	Document Organization	
3	TS1140	Encrypting Tape Drive Cryptographic Module Description	
	3.1	Overview	5
	3.2	Secure Configuration	
	3.3	Ports and Interfaces	9
	3.4	Roles and Services	10
	3.5	Physical Security	10
	3.6	Cryptographic Algorithms and Key Management	17
	3.7	Design Assurance	22
	3.8	Mitigation of other attacks	22

1 Document History

Date	Author	Change
05/06/2011	Said Ahmad	V0.0
		Initial Creation
07/27/2012	Said Ahmad	V1.0
		Remove old cert numbers and
		replace PRNG with DRBG
08/06/2012	Said Ahmad	V1.1
		Remove references to 1024-bit
		RSA key
9/27/2012	Said Ahmad	V1.2
		Replace RNG with DRBG
02/05/2013	Christine Knibloe	V1.3
		Update DRBG information.
		Add SHA-512 information.
04/17/2013	Christine Knibloe	V1.4
		Updates from onsite test results.
		Update algorithm certificates.
04/22/2013	Christine Knibloe	V1.5
01/22/2018		DRBG algorithm certificate
04/29/2013	Christine Knibloe	V1.6
0 1/23/2015		Add details for RSA and AES
05/10/2013	Christine Knibloe	V1.7
03/10/2013		Incorporate SAIC feedback
05/13/2013	Christine Knibloe	V1.8
05/15/2015		Update DRBG information
05/31/2013	Christine Knibloe	V1.9
03/31/2013	Christine Rinoloc	Incorporate additional feedback
05/31/2013	Christine Knibloe	V1.10
03/31/2013	Christine Kinoloc	Incorporate additional feedback
02/04/2014	Said Ahmad	V1.11
02/04/2014	Said / Milliad	Incorporate additional feedback
03/06/2014	Said Ahmad	V1.12
03/00/2014	Said / Milliad	Incorporate additional feedback
04/02/2014	Said Ahmad	V1.13
04/02/2014	Said Aimad	Incorporate additional feedback
05/27/2014	Said Ahmad	V1.14
03/2//2017	Said Ailliau	Add key wrapping to AES usage
06/16/2014	Said Ahmad	V1.15
00/10/2014	Said Allillad	Restate the secure configuration
		statement
06/19/2014	Said Ahmad	V1.16
00/19/2014	Saiu Alliiau	
06/19/2014	Coid Almond	Add HMAC entry to table 6
00/19/2014	Said Ahmad	V1.17
		Remove references to unused
		HMAC

		i

2 Introduction

The security policy document is organized in the following sections:

- Introduction
- References
- Document Organization

This non-proprietary security policy describes the IBM System Storage TS1140 Encrypting Tape Drive - Machine Type 3592, Model E07 cryptographic module and the approved mode of operation for FIPS 140-2, security level 1 requirements. This policy was prepared as part of FIPS 140-2 validation of the TS1140. The IBM System Storage TS1140 Tape Drive - Machine Type 3592, Model E07 is referred to in this document as the "TS1140 Encrypting Tape Drive," the "TS1140," and the encrypting Tape Drive.

Table 1: Security Section

Table 1. Security Section	
Security Section	Level
Cryptographic Module Specification	1
Cryptographic Module Ports and Interfaces	1
Roles, Services, and Authentication	1
Finite State Model	1
Physical Security	1
Operational Environment	N/A
Cryptographic Key Management	1
EMI/EMC	1
Self-Tests	1
Design Assurance	1
Mitigation of Other Attacks	N/A
Overall	1

FIPS 140-2 (Federal Information Processing Standards Publication 140-2—Security Requirements for Cryptographic Modules) details the U.S. Government requirements for cryptographic modules. More information about the FIPS 140-2 standard and validation program is available on the NIST web site at:

http://csrc.nist.gov/groups/STM/cmvp/

TS1140 Encrypting Tape Drive Cryptographic Module Description

- Cryptographic Module Overview
- Secure Configuration
- Cryptographic Module Ports and Interfaces
- Roles and Services
- Physical Security
- Cryptographic Key Management
- Self-Tests
- Design Assurance
- Mitigation of Other Attacks

2.1 References

This document describes only the cryptographic operations and capabilities of the TS1140 Encrypting Tape Drive. More information is available on the general function of the TS1140 Encrypting Tape Drive at the IBM web site:

http://www.ibm.com/storage/tape/

The tape drive meets the T10 SCSI-3 Stream Commands (SSC) standard for the behavior of sequential access devices. In addition, the tape drive primary host interfaces are physical fibre channel ports. The physical and protocol behavior of these ports conforms to Fibre Channel Protocol (FCP) specification. These specifications are available at the INCITS T10 standards web site:

http://www.T10.org/

A Redbook describing tape encryption and user configuration of the TS1140 drive in various environments can be found at:

http://www.redbooks.ibm.com/abstracts/sg247320.html?Open

The TS1140 drive format on the tape media is designed to conform to the IEEE P1619.1 committee draft proposal for recommendations for protecting data at rest on tape media. Details on P1619.1 may be found at:

http://ieeexplore.ieee.org/servlet/opac?punumber=4413113

2.2 Document Organization

The Security Policy document is one document in a FIPS 140-2 Submission Package. In addition to this document, the submission package contains:

- Vendor Evidence Document
- Other supporting documentation and additional references

This document may be freely reproduced and distributed whole and intact including the Copyright Notice. With the exception of this Non-Proprietary Security Policy, the FIPS 140-2 Validation Documentation is proprietary to IBM and is releasable only under appropriate non-disclosure agreements. For access to these documents, contact IBM.

	l.	J	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

3 TS1140 Encrypting Tape Drive Cryptographic Module Description

3.1 Overview

The TS1140 Encrypting Tape Drive is a set of hardware, firmware, and interfaces allowing the optional storage and retrieval of encrypted data to magnetic tape cartridges. The entire "brick" unit of the TS1140 tape drive is FIPS certified as a multi-chip, standalone cryptographic module. In customer operation the "brick" unit is embedded in a canister package and may be used in conjunction with a computer system or tape library. Some components of the TS1140 tape drive, such as mechanical components used for tape loading/unloading and actuating the tape cartridge, labels, cables, connectors, terminals and sensor components, do not have an effect on the security of the cryptographic module, **and thus are excluded from the module boundary.**

The hardware and firmware versions are controlled as specified in section 3.7, with the FIPS certified Hardware EC Level being 00V6759 EC Level M11776 and the Firmware EC Level being 35P2401 EC Level M11776.

A block diagram of the TS1140 Encrypting Tape Drive is shown below:

Cryptographic Module Block Diagram

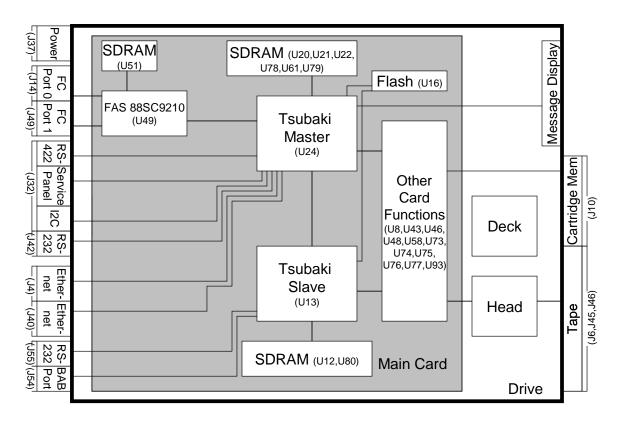


Figure 1: TS1140 Block Diagram

The TS1140 Encrypting Tape Drive has two major cryptographic functions:

- Data Block Cipher Facility: The tape drive provides functions which provide the ability for standard tape data blocks as received during SCSI-type write commands to be encrypted before being recorded to media using AES-GCM block cipher using a provided key, and decrypted during reads from tape using a provided key.
 - Note the AES-GCM block cipher operation is performed after compression of the host data therefore not impacting capacity and data rate performance of the compression function
 - The TS1140 drive automatically performs a complete and separate decryption and decompression check of host data blocks after the compression/encryption process to validate there were no errors in the encoding process
- Secure Key Interface Facility: The tape drive provides functions which allow authentication of the tape drive to an external IBM key manager, such as the IBM Encryption Key Manager (EKM) or the Tivoli Key Lifecycle Manager (TKLM), and allow transfer of protected key material between the key manager and the tape drive.

3.2 Secure Configuration

This section describes the approved mode of operation for the TS1140 drive to maintain the FIPS 140-2 validation.

There is only one FIPS approved mode of operation for the TS1140 which could be configured in two different configurations in the approved mode of operation. They are:

- System-Managed Encryption (SME)
- Library-Managed Encryption (LME)

In order to be in an approved mode of operation, the values of the fields Key Path (manager Type) (from VPD), In-band Key Path (Manager Type) Override, Indirect Key Mode Default, Key Scope, and Encryption Method must be set according to the table below. More details can be found in the TS1140 SCSI Reference.

Table 2: Settings for Approved Configurations

Required Fields	System-Managed Encryption (SME)	Library-Managed Encryption (LME)
Key Path (Manager Type) (from VPD) Mode Page X'25', byte 21, bits 7-5	001b	110b
In-band Key Path (Manager Type) Override Mode Page X'25', byte 21, bits 4-2	000b or 001b	000ь
Indirect Key Mode Default Mode Page X'25', byte 22, bit 4	0b	0b
Key Scope Mode Page X'25', byte 23, bits 2-0	000b or 001b	000b or 001b
Encryption Method Mode Page X'25', byte 27	10h or 1Fh	60h

A user can determine if the TS1140 is in the approved mode of operation by issuing a SCSI Mode Sense command to Mode Page X'25' and evaluating the values returned.

Certain commands are prohibited while in the approved mode of operation. The commands vary based on which configuration is used in the approved mode. In the LME configuration, all Mode Select commands to subpages of Mode Page X'25' and Mode Page X'30', Subpage X'20' are prohibited. In the SME configuration, Mode Select commands to the following subpages of Mode Page X'25' and Mode Page X'30', Subpage X'20' are prohibited.

Table 3: Mode Select Eligibility of Mode Page X'25' Subpages

Mode	Mode Subpages	System-Managed	Library-Managed
Page		Encryption (SME)	Encryption (LME)
X'25'	X'C0' – Control/Status	Allowed	Prohibited
X'25'	X'D0' – Generate dAK/dAK'	Prohibited	Prohibited
	Pair		
X'25'	X'D1' – Query dAK	Prohibited	Prohibited
X'25'	X'D2' – Update dAK/dAK' Pair	Prohibited	Prohibited
X'25'	X'D3' – Remove dAK/dAK'	Prohibited	Prohibited
	Pair		
X'25'	X'D5' – Drive	Allowed	Prohibited
	Challenge/Response		
X'25'	X'D6' – Query Drive Certificate	Allowed	Prohibited
X'25'	X'D8' – Install eAK	Prohibited	Prohibited
X'25'	X'D9' – Query eAK	Prohibited	Prohibited
X'25'	X'DA' – Update eAK	Prohibited	Prohibited
X'25'	X'DB' – Remove eAK	Prohibited	Prohibited
X'25'	X'DF' – Query dSK	Allowed	Prohibited
X'25'	X'E0' – Setup SEDK/EEDK(s)	Allowed	Prohibited
X'25'	X'E1' – Alter EEDK(s)	Allowed	Prohibited
X'25'	X'E2' – Query EEDKs (Active)	Allowed	Prohibited
X'25'	X'E3' – Query EEDKs	Allowed	Prohibited
	(Needed)		
X'25'	X'E4' – Query EEDKs (Entire)	Allowed	Prohibited
X'25'	X'E5' – Query EEDKs	Allowed	Prohibited
	(Pending)		
X'25'	X'EE' – Request EEDKs	Allowed	Prohibited
	(Translate)		
X'25'	X'EF' – Request EEDKs	Allowed	Prohibited
	(Generate)		
X'25'	X'FE' – Drive Error Notify	Allowed	Prohibited
X'30'	X'20' – Encryption Mode	Prohibited	Prohibited

Loading a FIPS 140-2 validated drive microcode level and configuring the drive for SME or LME operation initializes the TS1140 into the approved mode of operation. To ensure that the FIPS 140-2 validated drive microcode level occupies both the main and reserved firmware locations, it's suggested that the firmware be loaded twice.

The TS1140 supports multi-initiator environments, but only one initiator may access cryptographic functions at any given time. Therefore the TS1140 does not support multiple concurrent operators.

The TS1140 implements a non-modifiable operational environment which consists of a firmware image stored in FLASH. The firmware image is copied to, and executed from, RAM. The firmware image can only be updated via FIPS-approved methods that verify the validity of the image.

The TS1140 drive operates as a stand-alone tape drive and has no direct dependency on any specific operating system or platform for FIPS approved operating mode, but does have requirements for:

- Key Manager/Key Store attachment
- Drive Configuration

The following criteria apply to the usage environment:

- Key Manager and Key Store Attachment
 - In both SME and LME configurations, an IBM key manager, such as the Encryption Key Manager (EKM) or the Tivoli Key Lifecycle Manager (TKLM), and a supported key store must be used in a manner which supports secure import and export of keys with the TS1140 drive:
 - Keys must be securely passed into the TS1140 drive. The key manager must support encryption of the Data Key to form an Session Encrypted Data Key (SEDK) for transfer to the TS1140 drive using the TS1140 drive public Session Key and a 2048-bit RSA encryption method.
 - The key manager/key store must be able to use the EEDK it supplies the drive to determine the Data Key.
- Drive Configuration requirements
 - o The TS1140 drive must be configured in SME or LME configurations.
 - The TS1140 drive must have the FIPS 140-2 validated drive firmware level loaded and operational.
 - o Drive must be configured in the approved mode of operation.
 - o In LME configuration, the TS1140 drive must be operated in an automation device which operates to the LDI or ADI interface specifications provided.

	,	,	,	

3.3 Ports and Interfaces

The cryptographic boundary of the TS1140 drive cryptographic module is the drive brick. Tape data blocks to be encrypted (write operations) or decrypted data blocks to be returned to the host (read operation) are transferred on the host interface ports using SCSI commands, while protected key material may be received on the host interface ports or the library port.

The physical ports are separated into FIPS-140-2 logical ports as described below.

Table 4: Ports and Interfaces of the TS1140

TS1140 Drive	FIPS-140-2	Crypto	Interface Functionality
Physical Ports	Logical Interface	Services	
Fibre Channel Port	Data Input	Yes	■ Inputs data
0	Data Output		<u>Crypto</u>: Inputs protected keys from the key
	Control Input		manager in SME configuration.
Fibre Channel Port	Status Output		Outputs data
1			 Outputs encrypted key components
			 Inputs SSC-3 SCSI protocol commands
			 Outputs SSC-3 SCSI protocol status
RS-422 Port	Data Input	Yes	<u>Crypto</u>: Inputs protected keys from the key
	Data Output		manager in LME configuration.
	Control Input		Outputs data
	Status Output		 Outputs encrypted key components
			Inputs LDI and LMI protocol commands.
			 Outputs LDI and LMI protocol status.
RS-232 Ports	Disabled	None	■ Disabled in the FIPS validated firmware
Ethernet Port	Control Input	None	 Inputs controls and image for firmware load
	Status Output		Outputs status
	Data Input		
BAB Port	Disabled	None	■ Disabled by FIPS approved firmware levels.
I2C Interface	Data Input	None	■ Inputs VPD data
	Data Output		Outputs VPD data
Service Panel	Control Input	Yes	 Inputs controls from service panel
Interface	Status Output		 Crypto: Inputs controls for key zeroization
			<u>Crypto</u> : Inputs controls for VPD configuration
			Outputs status
			■ <u>Crypto</u> : Outputs indicator for the encrypting state
Front Panel	Control Input	Yes	Inputs unload button selection
Interface	Status Output		 Inputs reset button selection
- 8 Character			Outputs status on 8 character display
Display			• <u>Crypto</u> : Outputs indicator for the encrypting state
- Unload Button			
- Reset Button			
Input Power Port	Power	None	■ Inputs power to the TS1140 drive
Cartridge Memory	Data Input	Yes	Inputs parameters.
RFID Port	Data Output		• <u>Crypto</u> : Inputs external key structures
	1		Outputs parameters.
			 <u>Crypto</u>: Outputs external key structures
Read/Write Head	Data Input	None	Inputs data from tape cartridges (decrypted reads)
	Data Output	- 10110	 Outputs data to tape cartridges (encrypted writes)
	Control Input		 Inputs command to load firmware from special
	Control Input		FMR cartridges
	1	<u> </u>	1 mix outdiagos

3.4 Roles and Services

The TS1140 drive supports both a Crypto Officer role and a User role, and uses basic cryptographic functions to provide higher level services. For example, the TS1140 drive uses the cryptographic functions as part of its data reading and writing operations in order to perform the encryption/decryption of data stored on a tape.

The Crypto Officer role is implicitly assumed when an operator performs key zeroization. The User role is implicitly assumed for all other services. Both operators have access to the Power-up Self-Tests service.

The two main services the TS1140 drive provides are:

- Encryption or decryption of tape data blocks using the Data Block Cipher Facility.
- Establishment and use of a secure key channel for key material passing by the Secure Key Interface Facility.

It is important to note that the Secure Key Interface Facility may be an automatically invoked service when a user issues Write or Read commands with encryption enabled that require key acquisition by the TS1140 drive. Under these circumstances the TS1140 drive automatically establishes a secure communication channel with a key manager and performs secure key transfer before the underlying write or read command may be processed.

3.4.1 User Guidance

The services table describes what services are available to the User and Crypto Officer roles.

- There is no authentication required for accessing the User Role
- There is no authentication required for accessing the Crypto Officer Role

Single Operator requirements:

The TS1140 drive enforces a requirement that only one host interface initiator may have access to cryptographic services at any given time.

ļ		 <u>l</u>	<u> </u>	

3.4.2 Provided Services

Available services are also documented in the specified references. All of the services summarized here, excluding the services expressly prohibited in Table 3, are allowed in the FIPS mode of operation.

Table 5: Provided Services

Service	Interface(s)	Description	Inputs	Outputs	Role
General SCSI commands	- Host	As documented in the TS1140 SCSI Reference	Formatted Operational Codes and Messages	Formatted Operational Codes and Messages	User
General Library Interface commands	- Library	As documented in the Drive Library LDI and LMI Interface Specifications	Formatted Operational Codes and Messages	Formatted Operational Codes and Messages	User
Service Panel Configuration	- Service Panel	Set selected aspects of drive configuration manually, per the 3592 E07 Maintenance Information Manual	Button selections	Service Panel	User
Service Panel Diagnostics	- Service Panel	Invoke diagnostics manually, per the 3592 E07 Maintenance Information Manual	Button selections	Service Panel, 8 Character Display	User
Service Panel Status Display	- Service Panel	Displays status, per the 3592 E07 Maintenance Information Manual	From TS1140 drive operating system	Service Panel	User
Front Panel Interface Status	- Front Panel Interface (8 Character Display)	Displays status, per the 3592 E07 Maintenance Information Manual	From TS1140 drive operating system	8 Character Display	User
Front Panel Interface Unload	- Front Panel Interface (Unload Button)	Unload via unload button	Button selection	8 Character Display	User
Front Panel Interface Reset	- Front Panel Interface (Reset Button)	Reset via the reset button	Button selection	Reboot occurs	User

Service	Interface(s)	Description	Inputs	Outputs	Role
Encrypting Write-	- Host	The Secure Key Interface	- Plaintext	- Encrypted	User
type Command		Facility automatically	data	data on tape	
		requests a key, provides	- SEDK	- EEDK on	
		authentication data,	- EEDK	tape	
		securely transfers and			
		verifies the key material.			
		The Data Block Cipher			
		Facility encrypts the data			
		block with the received			
		Data Key using AES-			
		GCM block cipher for			
		recording to media. A			
		received EEDK is			
		automatically written to			
		media using the Cartridge			
		memory and the RW			
		Head Interface.			
		The decryption-on-the-			
		fly check performs AES-			
		GCM decryption of the			
		encrypted data block and			
		verifies the correctness of			
5 1 5 1	**	the encryption process	arr.	701	**
Decrypting Read-	- Host	The Secure Key Interface	SEDK	- Plaintext	User
type Command		Facility automatically		data to host	
		requests a key, provides			
		authentication data and			
		EEDK information if			
		available, securely			
		transfers and verifies the			
		key material.			
		The received Data Key is			
		used by the Data Block			
		Cipher Facility to decrypt			
		the data block with using			
		AES-GCM decryption			
		and returning plaintext			
		data blocks to the host; Optionally in Raw mode			
		the encrypted data block			
		may be returned to the			
		host in encrypted form			
		(not supported in			
		approved configuration)			
Set Encryption	- Host	Performed via Mode	Requested	None	User
Control Parameters	- Library	Select to Mode Page	Mode Page	TAOILC	USCI
(including Bypass	Lioiary	x'25' and Encryption	and Subpage		
Mode)		Subpage X'C0'	and Subpage		
Query Encryption	- Host	Performed via Mode	Requested	Mode Data	User
Control Parameters	- Library	Sense to Mode Page	Mode Page	Wiouc Data	USCI
(including Bypass	Lioiary	x'25' and Encryption	and Subpage		
Mode)		Subpage X'C0'	and buopage		
111000)		540pugo 11 CO			
"Show Status"					
January	1	1	I .	I.	1

Service	Interface(s)	Description	Inputs	Outputs	Role
Drive	- Host	Allows programming	Requested	Mode Data	User
Challenge/Response	- Library	challenge data and	Mode Page		
		reading an optionally)	and Subpage		
		encrypted, signed			
		response; not used in			
		default configuration.			
		Performed via mode			
		select and mode sense to			
		Mode Page x'25' and			
		Encryption Subpage			
		x'D5'; not used in			
		default configuration			
Query Drive	- Host	Allows reading of the	Requested	Mode Data	User
Certificate	- Library	Drive Certificate public	Mode Page		
		key. Performed via mode	and Subpage		
		sense to Mode Page			
		x'25' and Encryption			
		Subpage x'D6'; the			
		provided certificate is			
		signed by the IBM Tape			
0 1017	TT 4	Root CA.	D . 1	MID	T.T.
Query dSK	- Host	Allows reading of the	Requested	Mode Data	User
	- Library	Drive Session (Public)	Mode Page		
		Key Performed via mode sense to Mode	and Subpage		
		Page x'25' and			
		Encryption Subpage X'DF'.			
Setup SEDK	- Host	This is the means to	Requested	Mode Data	User
structure (a	- Library	import a protected private	Mode Page	Wiode Data	USCI
protected key	- Library	key to the TS1140 drive	and Subpage		
structure)		for use in writing and	and Subpage		
structure)		encrypted tape or in order			
		to read a previously			
		encrypted tape.			
		Performed via mode			
		select to Mode Page			
		x'25' and Encryption			
		Subpage x'E0'.			
		In this service, the			
		module generates a drive			
		session key pair. The			
		module then sends the			
		dSK to the key manager			
		where it is used to create			
		an SEDK. Then, the key			
		manager sends the SEDK			
		back to the module.			

Service	Interface(s)	Description	Inputs	Outputs	Role
Query DKx(s) –	- Host	Allows the reading from	Requested	Mode Data	User
active, needed,	- Library	the drive of DKx	Mode Page		
pending, entire (all)		structures in different	and Subpage		
		categories for the			
		medium currently			
		mounted. Performed by			
		Mode Select commands			
		to Mode Page x25' and			
		various subpages.			
Request DKx(s)	- Host	This status command is	Requested	Mode Data	User
Translate	- Library	used when the drive has	Mode Page		
		already notified the Key	and Subpage		
		Manager that is has read	1 0		
		DKx structures from a			
		mounted, encrypted tape			
		and needs them translated			
		to an SEDK and returned			
		for the drive to read the			
		tape. The key manager			
		issues this command to			
		read DKx structures			
		which the drive requires			
		to be translated by the			
		Key Manager and			
		subsequently returned to			
		the drive as an SEDK			
		structure to enable			
		reading of the currently			
		active encrypted area of			
		tape. Performed via			
		mode sense to Mode			
		Page x'25' and			
		Encryption Subpage			
		X'EE'.			
Request DKx(s)	- Host	This status command is	Requested	Mode Data	User
Generate	- Library	used when the drive has	Mode Page	Wiode Data	USCI
Generale	- Library	already notified the Key	and Subpage		
		Manager that it requires	and Subpage		
		new SEDK and DKx			
		structures to process a request to write an			
		encrypted tape. This			
		page provides			
		information about the			
		type of key the drive is			
		• • •			
		requesting. Performed via mode sense to Mode			
		Page x'25' and			
		Encryption Subpage			
		X'EF'.			

	L	L	

Service	Interface(s)	Description	Inputs	Outputs	Role
Alter DKx(s)	- Host - Library	This command is used to modify the DKx structures stored to tape and cartridge memory. The TS1140 drive will write the modified structures out to the tape and cartridge memory as directed. Performed via mode sense to Mode Page x'25' and Encryption Subpage x'E1'.	Requested Mode Page and Subpage	Mode Data	User
Drive Error Notify and Drive Error Notify Query	- Host - Library	These status responses are the means used by the drive to notify the Key Manager that an action is required, such as a Key generation or Translate, to proceed with an encrypted write or read operation. These status responses are read via Mode Sense commands to Mode Page x'25' subpage 'EF" and 'FF'.	Requested Mode Page and Subpage	Mode Data	User
Power-Up Self-Tests	- Power - Host - Library	Performs integrity and cryptographic algorithm self-tests, firmware image signature verification	None required	Failure status, if applicable	User, Crypto Officer
Configure Drive Vital Product Data (VPD) settings	- Host - Library	Allows controlling of default encryption mode and other operating parameters	From TS1140 drive operating system	Vital Product Data (VPD)	User
Key Path Check diagnostic	- Host	As documented in the TS1140 SCSI Reference	Send Diagnostic command specifying the Key Path diagnostic	Send Diagnositc command status	User
Key Zeroization	- Service Panel - Host	Zeroes all private plaintext keys in the TS1140 drive via Service Panel Or Send Diagnostic command with Diagnostic ID EFFFh, as documented in the TS1140 SCSI Reference.	Service panel buttons Or Send Diagnostic command specifying the Key Zeroization	Diagnosite command status	Crypto Officer
	- Host	Load new firmware to the	New	Load test	Crypto

3.5 Physical Security

The TS1140 drive cryptographic boundary is the drive "brick" unit. The drive brick unit is embedded in a factory supplied canister assembly. Both the drive brick unit and the canister assembly have industrial grade covers. These covers are not removed in the field in the approved configuration. The TS1140 requires no preventative maintenance, and field repair is not performed for the unit. All failing units must be sent intact to the factory for repair.

All of the drive's components are production grade.

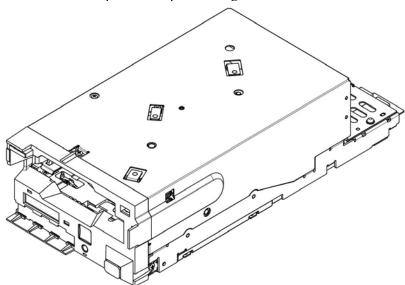


Figure 2 TS1140 Drive Brick

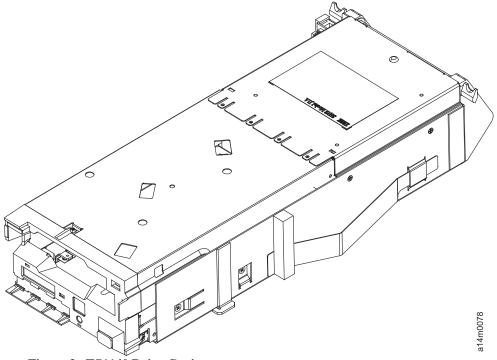


Figure 3 TS1140 Drive Canister

3.6 Cryptographic Algorithms and Key Management

3.6.1 Cryptographic Algorithms

The TS1140 drive supports the following basic cryptographic functions. These functions are used by the Secure Key Interface Facility or the Data Block Cipher Facility to provide higher level user services.

Table 6: Basic Cryptographic Functions

Algorithm	Type /Usage	Specification	Approved?	Used by	Algorithm Certificate
AES-ECB mode encryption/decryption (256-bit keys)	Symmetric cipher Provides underlying AES encryption. AES key wrapping	AES: FIPS 197	Yes	Firmware	#2385
AES-GCM mode encryption / decryption (256-bit keys)	Symmetric Cipher Encrypts data blocks while performing decrypt-on-the-fly verification Decrypts data blocks	AES: FIPS- 197 GCM: SP800-38D	Yes	ASIC	#2384, #2387
DRBG	IV generation for AES-GCM, Drive Session Key generation	SP800-90 using SHA- 512	Yes	Firmware	#314
SHA-1	Hashing Algorithm Multiple uses	FIPS 180-4	Yes	Firmware	#2051
SHA-256	Hashing Algorithm Digest verifies key manager messages, digest appended on messages to key manager	FIPS 180-4	Yes	Firmware	#2051
SHA-512	Hashing Algorithm Supports DRBG	FIPS 180-4	Yes	Firmware	#2051
RSA Sign/Verify	Digital signature generation and verification to sign the session key and to verify firmware image signature on firmware load	FIPS 186-2	Yes	Firmware	#1234
RSA Key Generation (2048-bit key)	Key Generation Session key generation (provides 112 bits of encryption strength)	-	No, but allowed in FIPS mode ¹	Firmware	N/A
RSA Key Transport (2048-bit key)	Decryption of transported SEDK key material (provides 112 bits of encryption strength)	-	No, but allowed in FIPS mode	Firmware	N/A

Allowed for generation of keys used by the RSA Key Transport mechanism						

Algorithm	Type /Usage	Specification	Approved?	Used by	Algorithm Certificate
TRNG (Custom)	Seeding DRBG	-	No ²	ASIC	N/A

² Allowed in FIPS mode for seeding approved DRBG

3.6.2 Security Parameters

The following table provides a summary of both critical security parameters (CSPs) and non-critical security parameters used by the TS1140 drive.

Table 7: Security Parameters

Security Parameter	CSP	Key Type	Input into Module	Output from Module	Generation Method	Storage Location	Storage Form	Zeroized
Drive Certificate Public Key (dCert)	No	RSA 2048-bit	Yes - at time of manufacture	Yes	N/A	Drive Vital Product Data (VPD)	Non-volatile Plaintext	Yes
Drive Certificate Private Key (dCert')	Yes	RSA 2048-bit	Yes - at time of manufacture	No	N/A	Drive VPD	Non-volatile X.509 certificate signed with the IBM Tape root CA	Yes
Drive Session Public Key (dSK)	No	RSA 2048-bit	No – Generated by module	Yes	Non- approved, allowed in FIPS mode	Drive RAM	Ephemeral Plaintext	Yes
Drive Session Private Key (dSK')	Yes	RSA 2048-bit	No – Generated by module	No	Non- approved, allowed in FIPS mode	Drive RAM	Ephemeral Plaintext	Yes
Session Encrypted Data Key (SEDK)	No	RSA-2048 encrypted with the dSK	Yes	No	N/A	Drive RAM	Ephemeral Encrypted	Yes
Data Key (DK)	Yes	AES 256-bit symmetric	Yes – (Received in encrypted	No	N/A	Before Use: Drive RAM	Ephemeral Plaintext	Yes
		key	form, encapsulated in the SEDK)			When in use: Unreadable register in ASIC	Ephemeral Encrypted form as SEDK	
Cryptograph ic Data Key (cDK)	Yes	AES 256-bit symmetric key	No – Generated by module	No	DRBG	Before Use: Drive RAM	Ephemeral plaintext	Yes
DRBG Entropy Input String	Yes	256-bit input string	No – Generated by module	No	TRNG	Drive RAM	Ephemeral Plaintext	Yes
DRBG value, V	Yes	256 bits	No - Generated by module	No	Internal state value of DRBG	Drive RAM	Ephemeral Plaintext	Yes
DRBG constant, C	Yes	256 bits	No – Generated by module	No	Internal state value of DRBG	Drive RAM	Ephemeral Plaintext	Yes

Additional notes on key management:

- Secret and private keys are never output from the TS1140 drive in plaintext form.
- Secret keys may only be imported to the TS1140 drive in encrypted form.
- The module generates cryptographic keys whose strengths are modified by available entropy.
- Zeroization behavior outlined in Table 7

Table 8: CSP Access Table

	Drive Certificate Public Key (dCert)	Drive Certificate Private Key (dCert')	Drive Session Public Key (dSK)	Drive Session Private Key (dSK')	Session Encrypted Data Key (SEDK)	Data Key (DK)	Cryptographic Data Key cDK	DRBG Entropy Input Key	DRBG value,V	DRBG Constant, C
General SCSI commands	L									
General Library Interface commands	R		R		W					
Service Panel Configuration										
Service Panel Diagnostics					X	X	X	X	X	X
Service Panel Status Display										
Front Panel Interface Status										
Front Panel Interface Unload			W	W	W	W	W			
Front Panel Interface Reset			W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W
Encrypting Write-type Command						X	X			
Decrypting Read-type Command						X	X			
Set Encryption Control Parameters										
(including Bypass Mode)										
Query Encryption Control Parameters										
(including Bypass Mode)										
"Show Status"										
Drive Challenge/Response	X	X	X	X						
Query Drive Certificate	R									
Query dSK		X	R							
Setup an SEDK and EEDK structure				X	W	W	W			
(a protected key structure)										
Query EEDK(s) – active, needed,										
pending, entire (all)										
Request EEDK(s) Translate					R					
Request EEDK(s) Generate					W					
Alter EEDK(s)				X	RW					
Drive Error Notify and Drive Error										
Notify Query	<u> </u>									
Power-Up Self-Tests					X	X	X	X	X	X
Configure Drive Vital Product Data	W	W	-	-						
(VPD) settings										
Key Path Check diagnostic	X	X	RX	X	R					
Key Zeroization	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W
Firmware Load Test										

3.6.3 Self-Test

The TS1140 drive performs both Power On Self Tests and Conditional Self tests as follows. The operator shall power cycle the device to invoke the Power On Self tests.

Table 9: Self-Tests

Function	Self-Test Type	Implementation	Failure Behavior
Tested			
AES-ECB	Power-up	KAT performed for Encrypt and Decrypt	FSC ³ D131 posted
AES-GCM	Power-Up	KAT performed for Encrypt and Decrypt (256-bit)	FSC D130 posted
(256-bit keys)			
DRBG	Power-Up	KAT performed	Drive reboot
SHA-1	Power-Up	KAT performed	FSC D131 posted
SHA-256	Power-Up	KAT performed	FSC D131 posted
SHA-512	Power-Up	KAT performed	FSC D131 posted
RSA Sign KAT and Verify KAT	Power-Up	Separate KATs performed for sign and verify with pre-computed results	FSC D131 posted
Application Firmware Integrity Check	Power-Up	RSA digital signature verification of application firmware;	Drive reboot
VPD Integrity Check	Power-Up	CRC check of vital product data (VPD);	FSC D131 posted
DRBG	Conditional: When a random number is generated	Continuous random number generator test performed.	Drive reboot
TRNG (Custom)	Conditional: When a random number is generated	Continuous random number generator test performed.	Drive reboot
Firmware Load Check	Conditional: When new firmware is loaded	RSA signature verification of new firmware image before new image may be loaded	Code load is rejected
Exclusive Bypass Test	Conditional: When switching between encryption and bypass modes	Ensure correct data output after switching modes Check to ensure the key is properly loaded (Note: The same implementation serves as the Alternating Bypass Test.)	FSC F001 posted
Alternating Bypass Test	Conditional: When switching between encryption and bypass modes	Ensure correct data output after switching modes Check to ensure the key is properly loaded (Note: The same implementation serves as the Exclusive Bypass Test.)	FSC F001 posted
Key Path test	Conditional: When the Send Diagnostic command specifying this diagnostic number is received from the host fibre or library port; the drive must be unloaded and idle or the command is rejected	The drive will initiate a key request and key transfer operation with an attached Key Manager; random protected key material is imported into the device and checked for validity; status is reported back to the Key Manager and the invoking Host	FSC D132 posted

³ Fault Symptom Code						

3.6.4 Bypass States

The TS1140 supports the following bypass states:

Table 10: Bypass States

Bypass State	To enter the Bypass State	To verify the Bypass State	
Static Bypass Mode 1:	Issue a Mode Select command to	Issue a Mode Sense	
Encryption disabled	mode page X'25' and set the	command to verify the	
	"Encryption Disabled" bit	mode is accurately reflected	
Static Bypass Mode 2:	Issue a Mode Select command to	on mode page X'25'	
Zero key usage for all records	mode page X'25' and set bit 0 of		
	Encryption Control 3 to 1		
Alternating Bypass Mode 1:	Issue a Mode Select command to		
Zero Key usage all labels	mode page X'25' and set bit 2 of		
-	Encryption Control 3 to 1		
Alternating Bypass Mode 2:	Issue a Mode Select command to		
Zero Key usage on Volume Labels	mode page X'25' and set bit 1 of		
	Encryption Control 3 to 1		

Bypass entry, exit, and status features are provided to meet approved methods for use of bypass states.

3.7 Design Assurance

TS1140 drive release parts are maintained under the IBM Engineering Control (EC) system. All components are assigned a part number and EC level and may not be changed without re-release of a new part number or EC level.

The following table shows the validated configuration for each host interfaces of the TS1140 encrypting tape drive:

Table 11: Validated Configuration

Hardware EC Level	00V6759 EC Level M11776	
Firmware EC Level	35P2401 EC Level M11776	

3.8 Mitigation of other attacks

The TS1140 drive does not claim to mitigate other attacks.