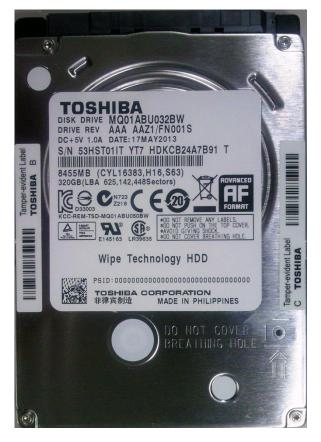
FIPS 140 - 2 Security Policy for:

Toshiba Secure TCG Opal SSC and Wipe technology

Self-Encrypting Drive Series

MQ01ABU050BW, MQ01ABU032BW, and MQ01ABU025BW



TOSHIBA CORPORATION

Rev 1.1

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OVERVIEW
ACRONYMS
SECTION 1 – MODULE SPECIFICATION 4
SECTION 1.1 – PRODUCT VERSION
SECTION 1.2 – LOGICAL TO PHYSICAL PORT MAPPING
SECTION 2 – ROLES SERVICES AND AUTHENTICATION
SECTION 2.1 – SERVICES
SECTION 3 – PHYSICAL SECURITY
SECTION 4 – OPERATIONAL ENVIRONMENT
SECTION 5 – KEY MANAGEMENT
SECTION 6 – SELF TESTS 10
SECTION 7 – DESIGN ASSURANCE
SECTION 8 – MITIGATION OF OTHER ATTACKS

Overview

The Toshiba Secure TCG Opal SSC and Wipe Technology Self-Encrypting Drive Series (MQ01ABU050BW, MQ01ABU032BW, and MQ01ABU025BW) is used for hard disk drive data security. This Cryptographic Module (CM) provides various cryptographic services using FIPS approved algorithms. Services include hardware-based data encryption, cryptographic erase, independently protected user data LBA ranges, host device authentication and secure automatic data invalidation. The last two services are provided by the Toshiba Wipe Technology.

This CM is multiple-chip embedded, and the physical boundary of the CM is the entire HDD. The physical interface for power-supply and for communication is one SATA connector. The CM is connected with host system by this SATA connector. The logical interface is the SATA, TCG SWG, Opal SSC, IEEE1667 (Probe Silo and TCG Storage Silo), and Toshiba Wipe Technology protocol.

The CM has the non-volatile storage area for not only user data but also the keys, CSPs, and FW. The latter storage area is called the "system area", which is not logically accessible / addressable by the host application.

Section	Level
1. Cryptographic Module Specification	2
2. Cryptographic Module Ports and Interfaces	2
3. Roles, Services, and Authentication	2
4. Finite State Model	2
5. Physical Security	2
6. Operational Environment	<i>N/A</i>
7. Cryptographic Key Management	2
8. EMI/EMC	2
9. Self - Tests	2
10. Design Assurance	2
11. Mitigation of Other Attacks	N/A
Overall Level	2

Table 1 - Security Level Detail

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Acronyms

AES	Advanced Encryption Standard
$\mathbf{C}\mathbf{M}$	Cryptographic Module
CSP	Critical Security Parameter
DRBG	Deterministic Random Bit Generator
EDC	Error Detection Code
FW	Firmware
HMAC	Keyed-Hashing for Message Authentication code
KAT	Known Answer Test
LBA	Logical Block Address
MSID	Manufactured SID
NRBG	Non-deterministic random bit generator

PCB	Printed Circuit Board
POST	Power on Self-Test
PSID	Printed SID
SED	Self-Encrypting Drive
SHA	Secure Hash Algorithm
SID	Security ID

Section 1 – Module Specification

The CM has one FIPS 140 approved mode of operation. The CM provides services defined in Section 2.1 and other non-security related services. After initial setup steps, this CM is always in approved mode of operation.

Section 1.1 – Product Version

The Toshiba Secure TCG Opal SSC and Wipe technology SED has been validated:

- 1. MQ01ABU050BW(2.5-inch, SATA Interface, 500GB), HW version: AA, FW version: FN001S
- 2. MQ01ABU032BW(2.5-inch, SATA Interface, 320GB), HW version: AA, FW version: FN001S
- **3.** MQ01ABU025BW(2.5-inch, SATA Interface, 250GB), HW version: AA, FW version: FN001S

FIPS140-2 Interface	Module Ports
Data Input	SATA Connector
Data Output	SATA Connector
Control Input	SATA Connector
Status Output	SATA Connector
Power Input	SATA Connector

Section 2 – Roles Services and Authentication

This section describes roles, authentication method, and strength of authentication.

Role		Type of Authentication	Authentication	Authentication Strength	Multi Attempt strength
Crypto Officer A	LockingSP.Admin1	Role	PIN	$1/2^{48} < 1/1,000,000$	60,000 / 2 ⁴⁸ < 1 / 100,000
(CoLAx)	LockingSP.Admin2	Role	PIN	$1/2^{48} < 1/1,000,000$	60,000 / 2 ⁴⁸ < 1 / 100,000
	LockingSP.Admin3	Role	PIN	$1/2^{48} < 1/1,000,000$	60,000 / 2 ⁴⁸ < 1 / 100,000
	LockingSP.Admin4	Role	PIN	$1/2^{48} < 1/1,000,000$	60,000 / 2 ⁴⁸ < 1 / 100,000
Crypto Officer B(CoAA)	AdminSP.Admin1	Role	PIN	$1/2^{48} < 1/1,000,000$	60,000 / 2 ⁴⁸ < 1 / 100,000
Crypto Officer C(CoWA)	Wipe Admin	Role	PIN	$1/2^{48} < 1/1,000,000$	60,000 / 2 ⁴⁸ < 1 / 100,000
Crypto Officer D(CoWM)	Wipe Maker	Role	PIN	$1/2^{48} < 1/1,000,000$	60,000 / 2 ⁴⁸ < 1 / 100,000
Crypto Officer	LockingSP.User1	Role	PIN	$1/2^{48} < 1/1,000,000$	60,000 / 2 ⁴⁸ < 1 / 100,000
E(CoLSUx) (*)					
	LockingSP.User9	Role	PIN	$1/2^{48} < 1/1,000,000$	60,000 / 2 ⁴⁸ < 1 / 100,000

User A	LockingSP.User1	Role	PIN	$1/2^{48} < 1/1,000,000$	60,000 / 2 ⁴⁸ < 1 / 100,000
(ULUx)	LockingSP.User2	Role	PIN	$1/2^{48} < 1/1,000,000$	60,000 / 2 ⁴⁸ < 1 / 100,000
	LockingSP.User9	Role	PIN	$1/2^{48} < 1/1,000,000$	60,000 / 2 ⁴⁸ < 1 / 100,000
User B(UM)	Master	Role	PIN	$1/2^{48} < 1/1,000,000$	60,000 / 2 ⁴⁸ < 1 / 100,000
User C(UU)	User	Role	PIN	$1/2^{48} < 1/1,000,000$	$60,000 / 2^{48} < 1 / 100,000$

Table 2 Identification and Authentication Policy

(*)Available only when the CM uses TCG Single User Mode functionality.

Per the security policy rules, the minimum PIN length is 6 bytes. Therefore the probability that a random attempt will succeed is $1/2^{48} < 1,000,000$. The CM waits 1msec when authentication attempt fails, so the maximum number of authentication attempts is 60,000 in 1 min. Therefore the probability that random attempts in 1min will succeed is $60,000 / 2^{48} < 1 / 100,000$.

Section 2.1 – Services

This section describes services which the CM provides.

The CM supports the Single User Mode functionality defined in the Single User Mode feature set of TCG Opal. The LockingSP.Reactivate or LockingSP.Activate method could enable a single user mode. Authorized roles of some services differ when the CM is in single user mode. About such services, the Role(s) column in table3 is divided into two rows. The upper row shows authorized roles in non-single user mode (normal mode), and the lower row shows authorized roles against range X in single user mode.

Service	Description	Role(s)	Keys & CSPs	RWX(<u>R</u> e ad/ <u>W</u> rite/ <u>e</u> <u>X</u> ecute)	Algorithm(CAVP Certification Number)	Method
Cryptographic Erase	Erase user data (in cryptographic means) by changing the data encryption key	UM UU	MEK(s) RKey PIN	W X W	Hash_DRBG(#334) SHA256(#2081) AES256CTR(#2447)	ATA SECURITY ERASE PREPARE + ATA SECURITY ERASE UNIT
Data read/write (decrypt/encryp t)	Encryption / decryption of unlocked user data to/from range	None	MEK(s)	Х	AES256CBC(#2448)	ATA READ,WRITE Commands
Enable/Disable LockingSP Admin/User	Enable/Disable LockingSP Admin/User Authority	CoLAx	N/A	N/A	N/A	TRUSTED SEND (TCG Set Method)
		CoLAx for only Admins (To set for User is impossible)				
Host Authentication (Send CHALLENGE)	Send challenge data (optionally encrypted) of wipe challenge and response authentication to a host device	None	Challenge (opt)COKEY RKey	W X X	Hash_DRBG(#334) AES256CBC(#2447)	TRUSTED RECEIVE (ADI GetRandomData)

Service	Description	Role(s)	Keys & CSPs	RWX(<u>R</u> e ad/ <u>W</u> rite/ <u>e</u> <u>X</u> ecute)	Algorithm(CAVP Certification Number)	Method
Host Authentication (Verify RESPONSE)	Verify response data of wipe challenge and response authentication to authenticate a host device	None	COKEY Challenge	X/(opt)R R/(opt)X	AES256CBC(#2447) (opt)HMAC-SHA256(#1511)	TRUSTED RECEIVE (ADI SendAuthenticationDa ta)
Random Number generation	Provide a random number generated by the CM	None	seed	X	Hash_DRBG(#334) SHA256(#2081)	TRUSTED RECEIVE (ADI GetRandom) TRUSTED SEND (TCG Random)
Range Lock/Unlock	Block or allow read (decrypt) / write (encrypt) of user data in a range. Locking also requires read/write locking to be enabled	CoLAx/ULUx (LockingSP is Active) or UU/UM (ATA Security is enable) CoLSUx	N/A	N/A	N/A	-TRUSTED SEND (TCG Set Method) -ATA SECURITY UNLOCK
Reset (run POSTs)	Runs POSTs and delete CSPs in RAM	None	N/A	N/A	N/A	Power on reset
Set range position and size	Set the location and size of the LBA range	CoLAx CoLAx or CoLSUx	N/A	N/A	N/A	TRUSTED SEND (TCG Set Method)
Set PIN	Setting PIN (authentication data)	All role for their PIN CoLAx for CoLSU _X 's pin (reset) UM for UU's pin (reset)	PIN	W	SHA256(#2081) Hash_DRBG(#334)	• TRUSTED SEND • TCG Set • TCG Reactivate • ADISetPin • SECURITY SET PASSWORD • SECURITY DISABLE PASSWORD
Set WIPE Mode	Enable/Disable Wipe related services	CoWA	N/A	N/A	N/A	TRUSTED RECEIVE (ADI Set Mode)
Show Status	Report status of the CM	None	N/A	N/A	N/A	Read STATUS REGISTER (50/51h)
TCG Activate	Activate LockingSP	AdminSP.SID	MEK(s)(excep t Global Range) RKey PIN	W X W	Hash_DRBG(#334) SHA256(#2081) AES256CTR(#2447)	TRUSTED SEND (AdminSP.activate)

Service	Description	Role(s)	Keys &	RWX(<u>R</u> e	Algorithm(CAVP	Method
			CSPs	ad/ <u>W</u> rite/ <u>e</u>	Certification	
				<u>X</u> ecute)	Number)	
TCG	Erase user data (in	N/A	MEK(s)	W	Hash_DRBG(#334)	TRUSTED SEND
Cryptographic	cryptographic means)		RKey	Х	SHA256(#2081)	(TCG Erase)
Erase (Erase)	in an LBA range by		PIN	W	AES256CTR(#2447)	
	changing the data	CoLSUx				
	encryption key. User	CoLAx				
	PIN is also reset. This					
	method is available					
	only in single user					
	mode					
TCG	Erase user data (in	CoLAx	MEK(s)	W	Hash_DRBG(#334)	TRUSTED SEND
Cryptographic	cryptographic means)		RKey	Х	AES256CTR(#2447)	(TCG GenKey)
Erase (GenKey)	in an LBA range by					
	changing the data					
	encryption key	CoLSUx				
TCG	Erase user data in all	CoAA	MEK(s)	W	Hash_DRBG(#334)	TRUSTED SEND (
zeroization	ranges by changing	CoLAx	RKey	Х	SHA256(#2081)	- LockingSP.RevertSP
	the data encryption	AdminSP.PSID	PIN	W	AES256CTR(#2447)	- LockingSPObj.Revert
	key, initialize range	(using PSID ¹)				- AdminSPObj.Revert
	settings, and reset	AdminSP.SID)
	PINs for TCG	(using SID)				
	authorities.					
Wipe	Erase user data in all	CoWM	RKey	Х	AES256CTR(#2447)	TRUSTED SEND
Cryptographic	ranges by changing		MEK(s)	W	Hash_DRBG(#334)	(ADI Invalidate)
Erase	the data encryption				SHA256(#2081)	
	key. Keep range					
	information (PIN and					
	range configuration)					
Zeroization	Initialize the CM by	CoWM	RKey	X,W	AES256CTR(#2447)	TRUSTED SEND
	zeroize a root key	CoWA	MEK(s)	W	SHA256(#2081)	(ADI Exit)
	(RKey), all PINs, data		COKEY	W	Hash_DRBG(#334)	
	encryption keys, and		PIN	W		
	range configuration					

Table 3 – FIPS Approved services

Section 3 – Physical Security

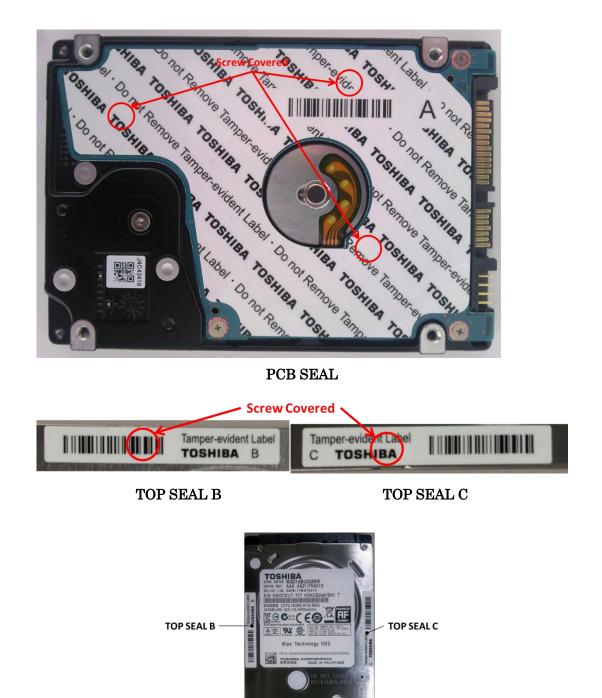
The CM has the following physical security:

- Production-grade components with standard passivation
- Three tamper-evident security seals are applied to the CM in factory
 - One opaque and tamper-evident security seal (PCB SEAL) is applied to PCB of the CM.
 This seal prevents an attacker to remove the PCB and survey electronic design
 - > Two tamper-evident security seals (TOP SEAL B and TOP SEAL C) are applied to top cover of the CM. These seals prevent top cover removal
- Exterior of the drive is opaque
- The tamper-evident security seals cannot be penetrated or removed and reapplied without

 $^{^1}$ PSID (Printed SID) is public drive-unique value which is used for the TCG Revert AdminSP method.



tamper-evidence



OVERVIEW OF TOP COVER

The operator is required to inspect the CM periodically for one or more of the following tamper evidence. If the operator discovers tamper evidence, the CM should be removed.

- Checkerboard pattern on security seal or top plate
- Text on security seals does not match original
- A scratch on security seals covered screws
- Security seal cutouts do not match original

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Section 4 – Operational Environment

Operational Environment requirements are not applicable because the CM operates in a "non-modifiable", that is the CM cannot be modified and no code can be added or deleted.

Section 5 – Key Management

The CM uses keys and CSPs in the following table.

Key/CSP	Length(bit)	Туре	Zeroize Method	Establishment	Output	Persistence/Storage
Authority PINs(*)	256	PIN	N/A(Hashed)	Electronic input	No	SHA digest/System Area
COKEY	256*2	Symmetric	N/A(Encrypted)	Electronic input	No	Encrypted by RKey / System Area
Challenge	256	Challenge for authentication		RNG	Yes	Encrypted by COKEY / RAM
MEKs	256	Symmetric	N/A(Encrypted)	RNG	No	Encrypted by RKey / System Area
MSID	256	Public value	N/A(Public)	Manufacturing	Yes: Host can retrieve	Plain / System Area
RKey	256	Symmetric	Zeroization service	RNG	No	Plain / System Area

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				Collected a	t every		
Seed	440	RNG seed	Every time after used	random	number	No	Plain/RAM
				generation			

(*)PINs for User / Master / AdminSP.Admin1 / LockingSP.Admin1 - 4 / LockingSP.User1-User9 / WIPE Maker / WIPE Admin Note that there is no security-relevant audit feature and audit data.

Section 6 – Self Tests

The CM runs self-tests in the following table.

Function Self-Test Type		Abstract				
Firmware Integrity Check	Power-On	EDC 32-bit				
FW SHA256	Power-On	Digest KAT				
FW HMAC SHA256	Power-On	Digest KAT				
AES(AES CBC)	Power-On	Encrypt and Decrypt KAT				
FW AES(AES CBC)	Power-On	Encrypt and Decrypt KAT				
FW AES(AES CTR)	Power-On	Encrypt and Decrypt KAT				
FW Hash_DRBG	Power-On	DRBG KAT				
FW Hash_DRBG	Conditional	Verify newly generated random number not equal to previous one				
NRBG	Conditional	Verify newly generated random number not equal to previous one				

When the CM continuously enters in error state in spite of several trials of reboot, the CM may be sent back to factory to recover from error state.

Section 7 – Design Assurance

Refer to the guidance document provided with the CM.

Section 8 – Mitigation of Other Attacks

The CM does not mitigate other attacks beyond the scope of FIPS 140-2 requirements.